

Resources Available at the Library: Inquiry Essay



Library Home page:

<http://www.chabotcollege.edu/library/>

Search Strategy Handout:

<http://tinyurl.com/yp1pr5>

Searchpath Tutorial:

<http://tinyurl.com/3c3g0l>

Subject Headings

CIVIL LIBERTIES

Use: [CIVIL RIGHTS](#)

Sometimes instead of searching by keywords, you may have better luck finding materials by consulting the Library of Congress Subject Headings (LCSH). This is important because you can sometimes get better search results. For example, articles, books, and web sites on Civil Liberties will usually be indexed under "Civil Rights." To browse such headings, they are in the five thick red volumes on the reference shelves, on the left side of the reference desk.

Human Trafficking
Slavery
Sex Crimes

Diet
Vegetarianism

Violence in Mass Media
Violence on Television
Violence in Motion Pictures

Sexual Harassment
Sexual Ethics
Sex in the Workplace

Globalization
International Business Enterprises

Independent Films
Independent Filmmakers

Biotechnology
Medical Technology

Advertising & Children
Television Advertising & Children
Television Advertising—Law & Legislation
Mass Media & Children
Mass Media & Teenagers
Advertising & Youth

Defense Contracts
Private Security Services
Contractors

Reality
Common Fallacies

Doping in Sports
Performance-Enhancing Drugs
Sports Medicine

Class Handouts <http://tinyurl.com/6zjo7t>

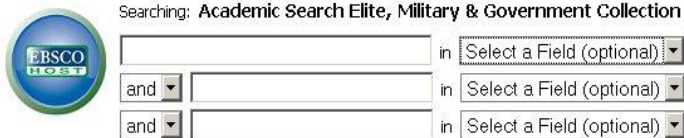
Look at Class Handouts for even more subject headings as well as databases, reference books, and websites beyond this handout.

Fast Food Nation <http://tinyurl.com/25kp9c> **Slave** <http://tinyurl.com/6zo9mo> **Globalization** <http://tinyurl.com/5rl675>

Computer/Internet Topics <http://tinyurl.com/5pwwq>

Library Subscription Databases: <http://www.chabotcollege.edu/Library/abby/dblist.html>. —To find scholarly articles related to your topic that originally appeared in magazines, journals, and newspapers. Originally published in **print form**.

Searching: Academic Search Elite, Military & Government Collection



The image shows the EBSCOhost search interface. It features a search bar with a dropdown menu set to "Select a Field (optional)". Below the search bar are three "and" dropdown menus, each followed by another "Select a Field (optional)" dropdown menu. The EBSCO logo is visible on the left.

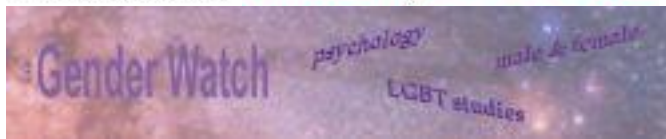
EBSCOhost databases <http://tinyurl.com/34jqeg>

When getting into **EBSCOhost**, go to "More Databases" and select **Academic Search Elite** and the **Military and Government Collection** for journal and magazine articles, as well as key government reports.

ProQuest Diversity Databases <http://tinyurl.com/2ahju9>

ProQuest Diversity Databases includes three databases: **Alt-PressWatch**, **Ethnic NewsWatch**, and **GenderWatch**. Includes LGBT and gender studies publications, alternative presses, regional presses, and ethnic newspapers.

ProQuest Diversity Databases



LexisNexis® Academic

Lexis-Nexis Academic <http://tinyurl.com/22dgo8>

Before clicking on search, select the pull down menus to specify date, and Sources for newspapers or transcripts to radio/t.v. news.



Project MUSE <http://tinyurl.com/33ovwe>

Project MUSE is a database that searches scholarly articles in the Humanities and Social Sciences

Issues and Controversies <http://tinyurl.com/5bef77>

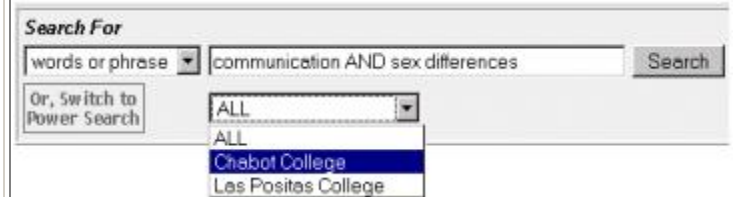
Issues and Controversies is a database that gives overviews to controversial topics. It is an excellent starting point in exploring one's research.



Library Catalog—Finding Books and Videos: <http://tinyurl.com/8mo5z>

Search the catalog for books related to a topic of your interest. Select a topic and create a search statement. Find a book and then its call number.

Searching the Catalog: This is the best approach when your research need relies you to combine search terms. Make sure **words or phrase** is selected underneath **Search For** and narrow your search down to **Chabot College** if you only want to find books available at Chabot. Combine different terms such as: Hate Crimes AND homophobia. . enter your terms with AND in between and then click on . See [Your Search Strategy](#) for more information on phrasing a search statement.



Other Sources:

Alternative Presses on the Web

<http://tinyurl.com/3blj6u>

Reference and Statistical Resources

The Library contains many reference books, which are useful for many purposes such as: providing you with an overview of a particular subject, leads to other good resources on your subject, statistics and facts.

CQ Researcher

Index at reference desk or at: <http://tinyurl.com/46yapq>

Reference: H35 .E35

Statistical Abstract of the United States

Also available at: <http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/>

Reference Desk: HA202 .U58 S7 2008

Getting Started: Select a Topic

<http://www.chabotcollege.edu/Library/abby/STARTED.htm>

Encyclopedia of Drugs and Alcohol

Reference: HV5804 .E53 1995

Library in a Book: Drugs and Sports

Reference: RC1230 .P36 2007

Encyclopedia of Children, Adolescents and the Media

Reference: HQ784 .M3 .E53 2007

Violence in America

Reference: HN90 .V5 V5474

Statistical Handbook on Violence in America

Reference: HN90 .V5 S833

St. James Encyclopedia of Popular Culture

Reference: E169.1 .S764 2000

Encyclopedia of Food and Culture

Reference: GT2850 .E53 2003

Handbook of Eating Disorders and Obesity

Reference: RC552 .E18 H362 2004

Encyclopedia of Junk Food and Fast Food

Reference: TX370 .S63 2006

Library in a Book: Threats to Food Safety

Reference: TX531 .P26 2006

Contemporary Fashion

Reference: TT505 .A1 C66 2002

Library in a Book: Sexual Harassment

Reference: HQ1237.5 .U6 J66 1966

Library in a Book: Reproductive Rights and Technology

Reference: RG133.5 .K73 2002

Library in a Book: Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering

Reference: TP248.23 .Y684 2000

Global Connections: America's Role in the 21st Century

Reference: E895 .F45 2002

West's Encyclopedia of American Law

Reference: KF154 .W47 2005

Searching the Web

Use Web search engines (such as Google) last for your research, and if you do, be prepared to evaluate web sites with a very skeptical eye. Anybody can put anything on the web, and if you do not pay attention, you could be referring to very questionable or misinformed sites. For example, a student created [an otherwise decent page on the literary author, Toni Morrison](#), but she linked to a web page that purported to be a research site on Martin Luther King that turned out to be a racist web site from a white supremacy group! The Library has an effective web evaluation checklist available at: <http://tinyurl.com/5eaaoc>. In general, the Library does NOT recommend New Media sources such as Wikipedia and blogs.

Here are places to start on the Web:

[Public WWW Sites Selected by Librarians](#)

<http://tinyurl.com/392a9x>

Chabot College Library has found reliable web sites that you can search at once with our custom Google search engine.

[Resources by Subject](#)

<http://www.chabotcollege.edu/Library/subjectindex/>

Select a discipline and then select one of the search tools listed under "Public World Wide Web"

[INFOMINE](#)

<http://infomine.ucr.edu/>

When searching, keep in mind that sites listed with a dollar sign after it (\$) are premium subscriptions Chabot College is NOT subscribed to, but all other sites are available for you to use.

Library Research Tips and Citing Responsibly

[Why the Library Does NOT Recommend Cliff's Notes](#)

<http://tinyurl.com/33vx3y>

[Searchpath: Chabot Library Tutorial](#)

<http://www.chabotcollege.edu/library/searchpathclassic/>

[You Quote It, You Cite It: How to Avoid Plagiarism](#)

<http://tinyurl.com/55azbs>

[MLA Works Cited Handout](#)

<http://www.chabotcollege.edu/Library/onlineref/cited.html>

[Citation Builder](#)

<http://www.sourceaid.com/citationbuilder/>

Have the Citation Builder create your citation by typing in author, titles, and other relevant publication information.